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Blind focus on 'energy dominance' may cripple Endangered Species Act

TWEET

BY ALEJANDRO E. CAMACHO AND MELISSA KELLY, OPINION CONTRIBUTORS — 10/04/18 05:30 PM EDT THE VIEWS EXPRESSED BY CONTRIBUTORS ARE THEIR OWN AND NOT THE VIEW OF THE HILL

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The bald eagle, sea otter, timber wolf — these iconic animals and more have been saved by the Endangered Species Act (ESA). But the Trump administration doesn't seem to care about our country's natural heritage. It's using questionable arguments about the <u>popular law</u> in an effort to gut protections and convert our public lands into private assets.

The administration's destructive intent is apparent in the proposed <u>revisions to the ESA</u> by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and NOAA Fisheries. These changes appear to be aimed at providing more opportunities for business interests to influence conservation decisions. Indeed, the administration has proposed to turn the law on its head by allowing consideration of economic impacts in listing decisions, restricting designation of unoccupied critical habitat, and eliminating default protections for threatened species.

The motivations are even clearer when we look at the administration's aggressive exploitation of public lands in favor of the oil and gas industry. The president's myopic fixation on achieving "energy dominance" is poised to undermine what former Interior Secretary Sally Jewell once referred to as an "unprecedented landscape-scale conservation effort" that demonstrated the ESA "is an effective and flexible tool and a critical catalyst for conservation."

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The Obama-era Greater Sage-Grouse Conservation Plans were the result of a cooperative effort among federal agencies, states, industry, private landowners, and environmental groups. It was the nation's largest land conservation effort, spanning 10 states and covering 90 percent of the species' habitat. As a result, FWS ultimately <u>determined</u> the greater sagegrouse did not warrant listing under the ESA.

Now, the Bureau of Land Management's (BLM) push for energy development is crippling the effort. BLM has been offering millions of acres for oil-and-gas leasing inside greater sage-grouse habitat.

Most recently, the agency approved what will be one of the nation's largest natural gas fields "in the heart of prime greater sage-grouse habitat" in Wyoming. In Colorado, BLM's planned lease sale of more than 230,000 acres is understandably facing significant opposition. The sale includes over 100,000 acres of greater sage-grouse habitat and lands in Colorado's North Fork Valley — a hub for wineries, organic farming, and outdoor recreation.

These alarming actions are being taken by the very agency whose mission is "to sustain the health, diversity, and productivity of the public lands for the use and enjoyment of present and future generations." Yet, BLM is barreling ahead, operating under <u>instructions</u> to prioritize energy development on public lands and a new <u>policy</u> that <u>limits public input</u> in leasing decisions.

Environmental advocates recently secured a win against this misguided policy. Concluding that "BLM made an intentional decision to limit . . . public involvement," an Idaho federal court issued an <u>injunction</u> blocking implementation of the policy for lease sales in greater sage-grouse habitat until a decision on the merits of the lawsuit is reached.

The judge concluded public participation "cannot be set aside in the name of expediting oil and gas lease sales." The ruling, at least temporarily, staves off efforts to minimize public participation over lease sales in greater sage-grouse habitat.

Yet, these policies, coupled with a blatant disregard of sound <u>science</u>, threaten more than the existence of the greater sage-grouse. They jeopardize the effective functioning of an iconic law that once allowed for, and even fostered, exceptional multi-stakeholder collaboration.

The ESA was designed to encourage the type of cooperative, proactive conservation effort that resulted in the Greater Sage-Grouse Conservation Plans. The planned revisions to the ESA, coupled with BLM's shortsighted rush to throw open the doors to destructive energy development, will undercut any incentive for future collaboration on a landscape scale.

There are opportunities to improve the ESA's effectiveness, but the Trump administration's proposals will not accomplish that goal. Instead, they would turn much of the power over to the states, despite the fact that <u>studies</u> have found existing state laws are largely inadequate to achieve the ESA's goals.

Devolution of responsibility to implement the ESA would also require a massive and unlikely expansion of state funding. Thus, the proposed changes ultimately risk fueling the Trump administration's blind determination to achieve energy dominance at all costs as it places a few private interests ahead of those of the public.

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